

SDI-12G31-20C

12Gbps Video SFP+ Transceiver, Single Mode, 20km Reach



Product Features

- 12GSDI SFP+transceiver
- 1310nm DFB Laserand PIN receiver
- Support Video pathological patterns for SD-SDI, HD-SDI, 12G SDI.
- SFPMSA package with duplex LC connector
- 2-wire interface for management and diagnostic monitor
- ♦ +3.3V single power supply
- Compliant with SFF-8472 Rev 10.2
- ❖ Operating case temperature: 0~+70°C

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Applications

- SMPTE ST-297-2015, ST2081 and ST-2082 Compatible Electrical-to-Optical Interfaces.
- ❖ UHDTV/HDTV/SDTV Service Interfaces.

Description

SDI-12G31-20C is a video series transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules for duplex video transmission application over single mode fiber. The transceiver is designed to transmit/receive data rates from 50Mbps to 11.88Gbps and is specifically designed for robust performance in the presence of SDI pathological patterns. The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and transceiver IC with MCU control unit for DDM. All modulessatisfy class I laser safety requirements. The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc3	-0.5	+4.5	V
Relative Humidity	RH	5	85	%

Operation Environment

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Data Rate			12		Gbps
Supply Voltage	Vcc	+3.14	3.3	+3.47	V
Supply Current	Icc			250	mA
Power Dissipation	PD		200	300	mW
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	25	+70	°C

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Optical Characteristics (Condition: Ta=T_{OP})

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Date Rate			12		Gb/s	
Optical Wavelength	λ	1300	1310	1320	nm	
Average Output Power	Ро	-5		-2	dBm	1
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dBm	
RMS Spectral Width	Δλ			1	nm	
	Re	ceiver				
Date Rate			12		Gb/s	
Optical Wavelength	λ	1260		1580	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA)	R			-14	dBm	5
Maximum Input Power	PMAX	0.5			dBm	4
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-20	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-28			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		1		4	dB	

Notes:

- 1) Measured at 10.3125b/s with PRBS 2³¹ –1 NRZ test pattern.
- 2) Under the ER worst case, measured at 10.3125 Gb/s with PRBS 2³¹ –1 NRZ test pattern for BER < 1x10⁻¹²



Electrical Characteristics (Condition: Ta=T_{OP})

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
	Transmitter						
Differential Input Volta	age Swing	VI	400		1800	mVpp	3
Transmit Disable Innut	Н	V _{IH}	2.0		Vcc	V	
Transmit Disable Input	L	V _{IL}	0		0.8	V	
Transmit Enable	Н	V _{OH}	2.0		Vcc	V	
Output	L	VoL	0		0.8	V	
Timing Output Jitter		-			8	UI	6
Alignment Output Jitter		-			0.3	UI	6
Input Differential Impedance		Zin	90	100	110	Ω	
		Re	ceiver				
Differential Output Vol	tage Swing		650	800	1000	mVpp	3
LOS Output	Н	V _{OH}	2.0		Vcc	V	
LOS Output	L	V _{OL}	0		0.8	V	
Rx Output Rise and	Rx Output Rise and Fall Time		45			ps	2
Output Differential Im	npedance	Zon	80	100	120	Ω	

Notes:

- 1) The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2) Rise and fall times, 20% to 80%, are measured following a fourth-order Bessel-Thompson filter with a bandwidth of 0.75 x clock frequency corresponding to the serial data rate
- 3) PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 4) Internally AC-coupled, minimum input overload power for SMPTE ST 2081-1, SMPTE ST 2082-1.
- 5) The sensitivity and overload specification refers to the input power levels for BER = 1E-12 against both PRBS and pathological patterns at SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 292M and SMPTE 424M rates, ST2081 and ST-2082.
- 6) UI means one period.



Pin Information

Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Name

_		1
20	VeeT	1 VeeT
19	TD-	2 TxFault
18	TD+	3 Tx Disable
17	VeeT	4 MOD-DEF(2)
16	VccT	5 MOD-DEF(1)
15	VccR	6 MOD-DEF(0)
14	VeeR	7 Rate Select
13	RD+	8 LOS
12	RD-	9 VeeR
11	VeeR	10 VeeR
•	Top of Board	Bottom of Board (as viewed thru top of board)

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Pin #	Name Function		Notes
1	VeeT	Module transmitter ground	
2	TX FAULT	Module transmitter fault	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable; Turns off transmitter laser output	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	2 wire serial interface data input/output (SDA)	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	2 wire serial interface clock input (SCL)	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Receiver Rate Select, Not connect	
8	LOS	Receiver Loss of Signal Indication	Note 4
9	VeeR	Module Receiver Ground	
10	VeeR	Module Receiver Ground	
11	VeeR	Module Receiver Ground	
12	RD-	Receiver inverted data out put	Note 5
13	RD+	Receiver non-inverted data out put	Note 5
14	VeeR	Module receiver ground	
15	VccR	Module receiver 3.3V supply	
16	VccT	Module transmitter 3.3V supply	
17	VeeT	Module transmitter ground	
18	TD+	Transmitter inverted data out put	
19	TD-	Transmitter non-inverted data out put N	
20	VeeT	Module transmitter ground	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind.

In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled



Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

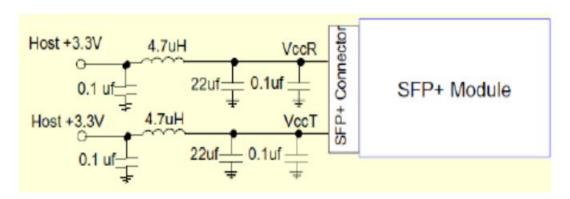
Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Digital Diagnostic Monitor Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Temperature Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	°C
Laser Power Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_TX	-3	3	dBm
RX Power Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_RX	-3	3	dBm
Supply Voltage Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_VCC	-0.08	0.08	V
Bias Current Monitor	DMI_Ibias	-10%	10%	mA

Recommended Circuit

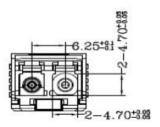


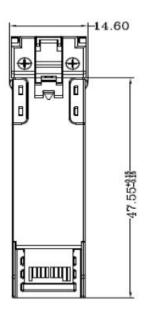
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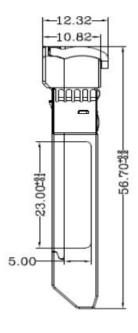


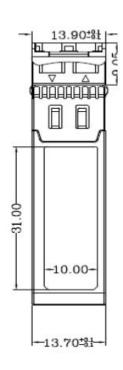
Mechanical Dimensions

Comply with SFF-8432, the improved Pluggable form factor specification.









Ordering Information

Part Number	Product Description
SDI-12G31-20C	1310nm, 12Gbps, 20km, LC, 0°C ~ +70°C, with DDM
SDI-12G31-20CI	1310nm, 12Gbps, 20km, LC, -40°C ~ +85°C, with DDM

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